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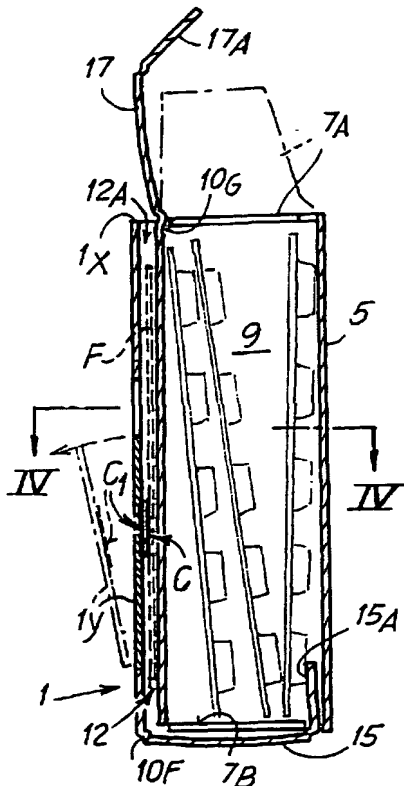
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[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: BOX MADE OF CARDBOARD OR A SIMILAR MATERIAL INCLUDING AN ADDITIONAL SEPARATE COMPARTMENT



(57) Abstract: To form the additional compartment, one (1) of the two faces does not have a closing wall and is provided with an opening (19); the glued appendage (9) is approximately shaped like the side (7) to which it is glued and extends to form both the dividing wall (11) that is shaped like a face and is internally adjacent to the face (1) with the opening (19), and a successive appendage destined to be positioned internally against the other side (3) of said two sides (3,7).

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For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

**"BOX MADE OF CARDBOARD OR A SIMILAR MATERIAL INCLUDING AN
ADDITIONAL SEPARATE COMPARTMENT"**

DESCRIPTION

5 The subject of the invention is a box made of cardboard or a similar material, for the packaging of products – especially medicines – that require an instruction and/or information sheet to be included with the content of the box.

 Various solutions are already known for combining the aforementioned during packaging at source, but these solutions are not satisfactory with
10 regards to the aspects of cost, practicality and reliability of the combination, excluding possible errors, the integrity of the packaging in its entirety during handling from production to the final consumer, and the possibility of being able to exploit a space sufficient for instruction and information sheets, taking into account the frequent need for multilingual versions, and so on.

15 This invention satisfactorily meets all of these requirements, as will become evident in the following.

 The subject of the invention is substantially a box in cardboard or a similar material for medicines or other products, of a type including an additional compartment, separated with respect to the main compartment by a
20 dividing wall and– due to the shape of the box – resulting in four sections forming two opposite faces and two opposite sides, an appendage for gluing on the inside of one of the sides and also two opposite closing walls, one of which can be opened.

 In accordance with the invention, one of the two faces has an opening
25 and is devoid of a closing wall, and the glued appendage is shaped like one of the sides and extends to form both said dividing wall, shaped like a face and positioned internally next to said face with the opening, and a successive appendage destined to be positioned inside and against the other of said two sides. The additional compartment is defined by said dividing wall and said
30 face.

 The closing wall where the aperture for access to the additional compartment is located can extend from said dividing wall, or from the opposite face to that along which said additional compartment is located, said closing wall leaving the aperture for access to the additional compartment uncovered in

all cases.

The opening can advantageously be defined by incomplete cut lines, to secure at least part of the material corresponding to the opening; in this way it is necessary to remove this material to allow the sheet contents – a folded
5 piece of paper or otherwise – of said additional compartment to be slid out. This renders it easy to check if the packaging has been tampered with, as the sheet contents can be inserted at a certain distance from the aperture for access to the additional compartment, such that it is necessary to remove the material corresponding to said opening in order slide said contents such that it protrudes
10 from the access aperture.

The information sheet is conveniently folded a number of times, stabilized in the folded format, and lightly glued to the cardboard material of the box. Preferably, said information sheet can be glued to the portion that must be removed to allow extraction of said sheet.

15 Another subject of the invention is a procedure for the automated production of a box of the above-described type. A dividing wall and a contiguous appendage destined to create a stabilizing flap for said wall are created in the formation of the punched part for the box. Said dividing wall can be formed as an extension of the flap destined to be glued to form the body of
20 the box.

To automate production, provision is made for the information sheet to be folded, stabilized by a tear-off adhesive tab and – after slight gluing – fed during manufacture of the box so that it can be glued onto one of the walls of the additional compartment during the paper-product machining processes.

25 The outside face can be advantageously provided with an opening covered by a portion held on by sections that can be torn to aid removal of said portion. In this case, the sheet can be glued to the internal surface of said portion so that the folded sheet is easy to extract when said portion is removed.

The invention will be better understood following the description and enclosed drawings, which represent a non-limitative practical embodiment of
30 the invention. In the drawings:

Fig. 1 shows the layout of the punched element forming the box,

Fig. 2 shows an isolated information sheet packed for processing,

Figs. 3 and 4 show a cross-section III-III in Fig. 4 and a cross-section IV-

IV in Fig. 3,

Fig. 5 shows a perspective view of the box when half open,

Fig. 6 shows a variant with a partial sectional view similar to that of Fig.

3.

5 According to what is illustrated in the enclosed drawings, reference 1 indicates one of the two main faces of the box, which is flanked by one of the two sides 3 of the box, and then continues with a second main face 5; a second side 7 of the box is provided at the opposite end from side 3 with respect to face 1. References 3A and 3B indicate the tabs that extend from the two
10 opposite edges side 3, while 7A and 7B indicate the tabs that extend from the two opposite edges side 7 of the box. Reference 9 indicates a rectangular area that extends beyond the line 10A delimiting face 5, to constitute the flap for joining and closing the perimeter of the box, by gluing it onto the internal surface of side 7; this flap 9 is composed of a rectangular area that is
15 substantially shaped like side 7. Characteristically, beyond the fold line 10B, the opposite of fold line 10A, a dividing wall 11 is formed, which is destined to be positioned inside the volume defined by the parts 1, 3, 5 and 9 and in close proximity to face 1 in order to create an additional compartment 12, similar to a pocket, which is delimited by the wall 11 and face 1. Beyond the fold line 10C,
20 which is opposite to the fold line 10B delimiting the dividing wall 11, another appendage extends in the form of a flap 13; this flap 13 has a shape substantially corresponding to that of the flap 9 and to the sides 3 and 7, for the purpose mentioned here below.

 To form the box, the zones 7, 1, 3, 5 and 9 are folded orthogonally to
25 each other such that side 7 coincides with flap 9, which is glued to the inside of side 7; the set of sides defining the body of the box are flattened in the traditional manner during production, with flap 9 inside of side 7. During assembly, as defined herein, the dividing wall 11 is internally lined up with face 1 and flap 13, contiguous with said dividing wall 11, will be in correspondence
30 with and facing the inside of the side 3 of the box. When the box is arranged to assume its useful prismatic volume, the fold line 10C will correspond with the fold line 10E that separates face 1 from side 3, as can be clearly seen in section in Fig. 3. This disposition of the wall 11 and the flap 13 is maintained by the possible interaction between the end edge of flap 13 and the corner 10K

between the side 3 and the face 5, but especially by the presence of the content of the thus-formed box. In conclusion, movement of the wall 11 with respect to wall 1 is prevented.

With this arrangement, an additional compartment 12, like an envelope or similar, is immediately formed inside the face 1 in a manner that is particularly simple to implement as the procedure is the same as in traditional paper-product operations for box-forming and gluing the box between the facing surfaces of the side 7 and the flap 9; this gluing is the only operation that is performed for making the box.

The box must be completed by the closing walls of the main prismatic compartment formed by the parts 11, 13, 5 and 7, one of these closing walls being destined for opening and closing to provide access to the inside of the box. One of these said closing walls, which extends from the fold line 10F delimiting face 1, is indicated in the drawings by reference number 15; a tab 15A extends from this closing wall 15 to provide traditional closure. A second closing wall 17 can be realized beyond the fold line 10G delimiting the dividing wall 11, with a tab 17A that provides closure, this closing wall 17 being such that the tab 17A is immediately inserted inside the face 5.

Alternatively, an equivalent closing wall to wall 17 (see Fig. 5) can be positioned, as indicated by reference 117, as an extension of the face 5 and equipped with a tab 117A, equivalent to tab 17A, but which must immediately close inside the dividing wall 11, as shown in detail in Fig. 6.

After closure of the box in its prismatic form, the box remains closed with access gained by opening the closing wall 15 or the closing wall 17 or, alternatively, the closing wall 117. In all cases the additional compartment 12 is always accessible for accepting or extracting a substantially sheet-like component such as a repeatedly folded instruction or information sheet F; extraction and insertion of the sheet is possible via the aperture 12A that is defined by the dividing wall 11 and face 1, along the edge 1X. This aperture 12A is always accessible for the extraction and insertion of a component such as F, independently of the opening or closing of the main compartment of the box via the closing walls 15, 17 or 117.

Characteristically, and to advantage, an opening 19 is provided in an intermediate position on the face 1 to aid extraction of the component F from

the aperture 12A, this opening 19 extending longitudinally, i.e. parallel to the fold lines such as 10E, i.e. orthogonally to the edge 1X. This opening can be obtained either by completely cutting the border defining it, or by shearing that leaves the material 1Y to be removed, partially integral at the points 19A and defines the area of said opening; these points 19A of connection can be easily cut, such that the portion 1Y of the material of face 1 – held by said tear-off points 19A – is still integrally connected to the face 1 of the box. The portion 1Y must be removed – by tearing the connection points 19A – for the initial and first extraction of the component F in the direction of the arrow fA. This allows it to be determined whether the box has been maintained pristine or if the component F has been extracted, as it is necessary to have torn the portion 1Y of the material, breaking the connection points 19A, and manipulated the sheet 4 through the opening 19 in the direction of the arrow fA in Fig. 5 to slide it so that it projects through the aperture 12A.

A box as described can be produced using substantially traditional paper-product machinery. In addition to the traditional operations of folding and gluing the flaps such as those 7 and 9 for closing the body of the box, a mechanized procedure also allows the placement of an information sheet F fed from a pile of sheets, folded and stabilized in the folded arrangement, and which can be mechanically fed one at a time and applied with a small drop of adhesive on each of the punched parts to be manipulated to make the box.

Fig. 2 shows a repeatedly folded sheet F, which is stabilized with an adhesive tab A so that it can be easily manipulated for picking from a pile during the mechanical processing for making the box. A drop of glue C is deposited on a zone that does not disturb the reading of the sheet F, especially a zone which corresponds to a zone C1 of the portion 1Y of the cardboard material of the box.

Thus, the box – itself already “personalized” via printing on its outside surfaces – is already prepared with the information sheet F contained in the additional compartment 12, when the contents for which the box is destined are inserted into the main compartment of the box.

The described and illustrated implementation thus allows many advantages: with regards to production, because all operations substantially correspond to those traditionally used for making boxes, and also for the

possibility of exploiting an additional compartment 12 of significant size – substantially corresponding to the extension of the box faces 1 or 5 – for the mechanized placement of the information sheet in the box, and also for the possibility of being able to check any initial tampering with the box by the removal of the material 1Y to extract the component F, which cannot be extracted unless the material 1Y covering the opening 19 is removed. The extracted sheet can be easily unfolded by adding an adequate indication on the adhesive tab A to tear it.

It is understood that the drawings only illustrate a simplification, given solely as a practical demonstration of the invention, it being possible to change the shape or arrangements without leaving the scope of the concept that forms the invention. The presence of reference numbers in the attached claims has the purpose of facilitating the reading of the claims with reference to the description and the drawings, and does not limit the scope of protection represented by the claims.

CLAIMS

1. A box in cardboard or a similar material for medicines or other products, including an additional compartment – for an information sheet relative to the packaged product - separated with respect to the main compartment by a dividing wall, said box being defined by four sections forming two opposite faces (1 and 5) and two opposite sides (3 and 7) and by an appendage (9) for gluing to the inside of one (7) of the sides, as well as two closing walls (15 and 17), characterized in that:

- one (1) of the two faces presents an opening (19) and is devoid of a closing wall;

- and the glued appendage (9) is shaped approximately like the side (7) to which it is glued and extends to form both the dividing wall (11) that is shaped like a face and is internally adjacent to said face (1) equipped with an opening (19), and a successive appendage (13) destined to be positioned inside and against the other (3) of said two sides (3 and 7).

2. A box according to claim 1, characterized in that one (17) of said closing walls extends from the dividing wall (11).

3. A box according to claim 1, characterized in that one (117) of said closing walls extends from the face (5) opposite to the face (1) equipped with the opening (19).

4. A box according to at least claim 1, characterized in that said opening (19) of said face (1) is defined by an incomplete cut line for securing at least a portion (1Y) of the material covering the opening (19), the portion (1Y) of which must be removed to allow the action of extracting the sheet-like contents of said additional compartment to be effected through the opening (19).

5. A box according to at least one of the previous claims, characterized in that the information sheet is repeatedly folded, stabilized in the folded position, and lightly glued to the cardboard material of the box.

6. A box according to claims 4 and 5, characterized in that said information sheet is glued to said portion (1Y) that must be removed to allow extraction of said sheet.

7. A box made of cardboard or a similar material including an additional separate compartment, the whole as described above and represented in the enclosed drawings by way of example.

8. A procedure for the automated production of a box according to at least one of the previous claims, characterized in that it includes, in the formation of the punched part for the box, the creation of a dividing wall (11) and of a contiguous appendage (13), destined to create a stabilizing flap for
5 said wall.

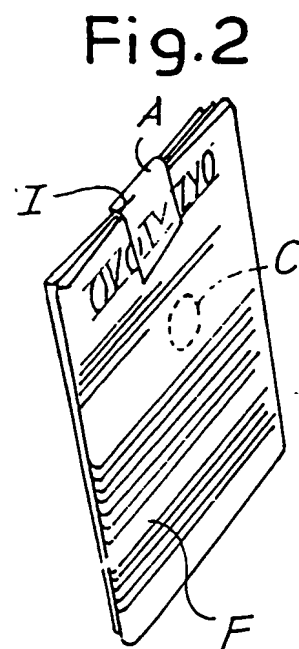
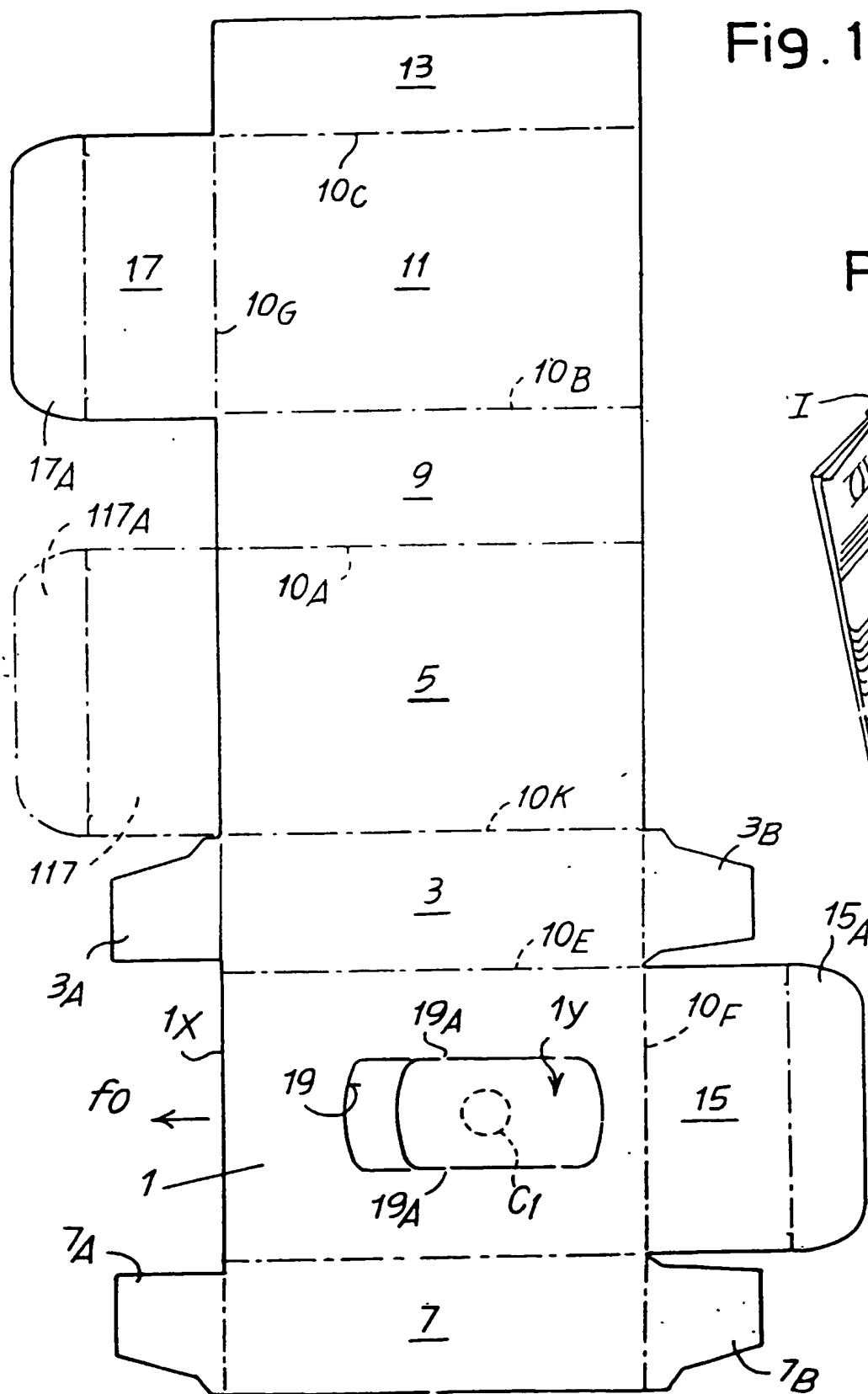
9. A procedure according to claim 8, characterized in that said dividing wall (11) is formed as an extension of the flap (9) destined to be glued for making the body of the box.

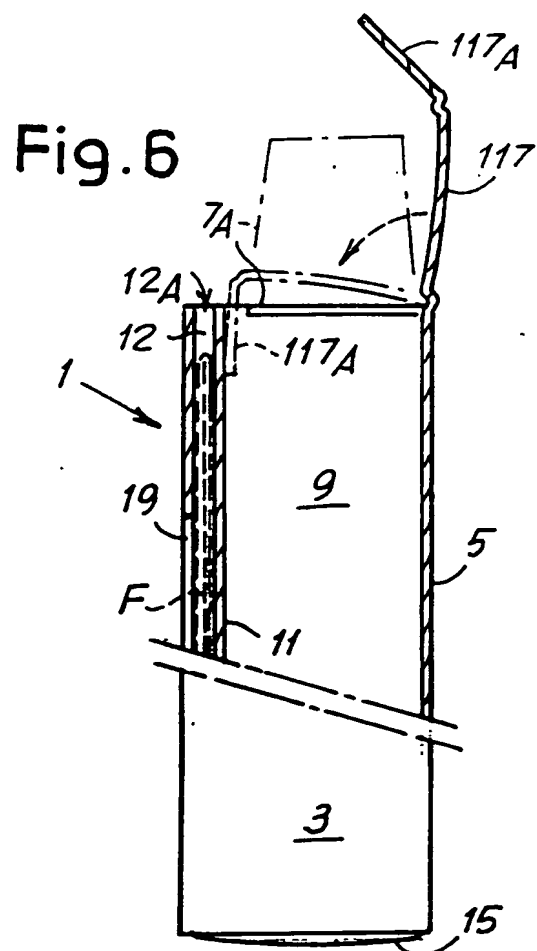
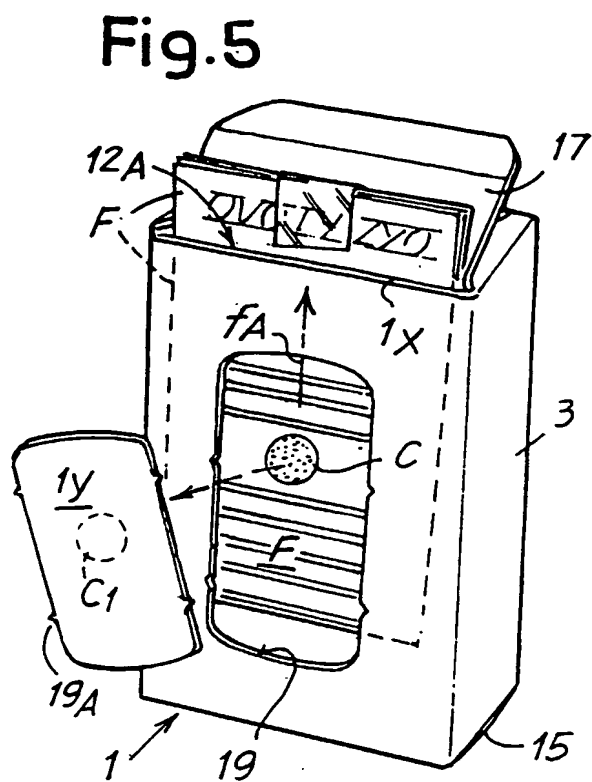
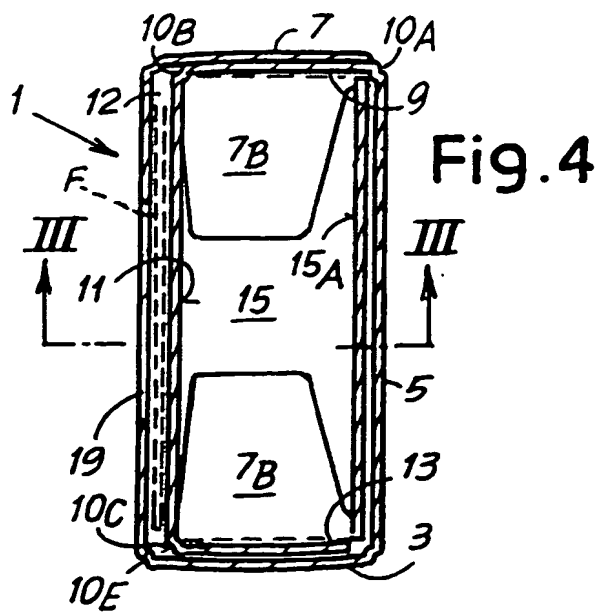
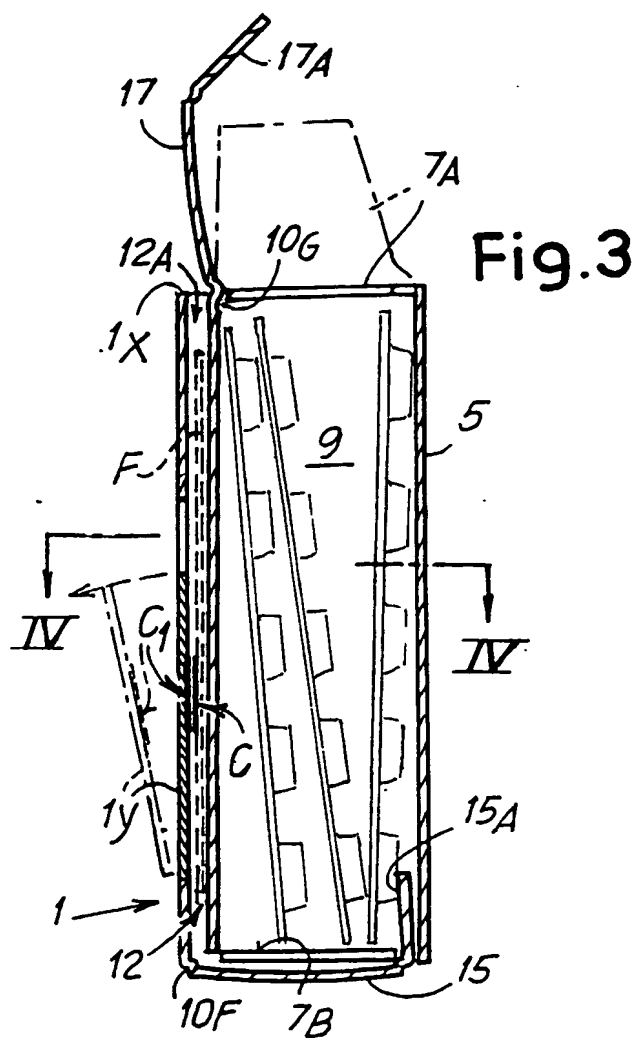
10. A procedure according to at least one of the claims 8 and 9,
10 characterized in that the information sheet (F) is folded, stabilized with a tear-off adhesive and fed – after light gluing – during making of the box for gluing onto one of the walls of the additional compartment, during the paper-product machining processes.

11. A procedure according to at least one of the claims 8 to 10,
15 characterized in that in the external face (1) an opening (19) is formed having a portion (1Y) held on by anchoring sections that can be torn to allow removal of said portion (1Y).

12. A procedure according to at least claim 11, characterized in that the sheet (F) is glued to the inside surface of said portion (1Y).

20 13. A procedure as described and for the indicated purposes.





INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/IT 03/00415

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 7 B65D5/42

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 B65D

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

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☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

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Date of the actual completion of the international search

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No.

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